(January - 2020 to December - 2020)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE KVK

1.1 Name and address of KVK with Phone, Fax and E-mail:

Address with PIN code	Telephone		E mail	Website address & No. of visitors (hits)
Krishi Vigyan Kendra,	Office	FAX		
Junagadh Agricultural				
University, Morbi	02822-224853		kvkmorbi@gmail.com	www.jau.in
Dist Morbi	02822-224833	-		
(Gujarat) – 363641				

1.2 Name and address of host organization with Phone, Fax and E-mail:

Address	Telepl	ione	E mail	Website
Autess	Office	FAX	E man	address
Junagadh Agricultural University, Junagadh (Gujarat)	0285-2672080	0285-2672653	dee@jau.in	www.jau.in

1.3 Name of the Senior Scientist and Head with Phone, Mobile No.and E-mail :

Name	Telephone / Contact		
	Mobile	Office	E mail
Dr. L. L. Jivani	94269 72590	02822-224853	lljivani@gmail.com

1.4 Year of Sanction: 2017 (Grant & Staff from March-2017)

1.5 Faculty Information : (as on December 31, 2020)

				If Permanent,	Please indicate		If Temporary,
No	Sanctioned post	Name of the incumbent	Discipline	Current Pay Band	Current Grade Pay	Date of joining	pl. indicate the consolidated amount paid (Rs./month)
1.	Senior Scientist and Head	Dr. Lalji L. Jivani	Genetics & Plant Breeding	131400 - 217100	UL - 13A	01/12/20	-
2.	Subject Matter Specialist	D. A. Saradava	Plant Protection	57700 - 182400	UL - 10	01/03/17	-
3.	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr. Hemangi D. Mehta	Home Science	57700 - 182400	UL - 10	01/08/17	-
4.	Subject Matter Specialist	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Subject Matter Specialist	Vacant					
6.	Subject Matter Specialist	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Subject Matter Specialist	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Agriculture Officer	Gamansinh S. Zala	B.Sc. Agri.	Fix Pay	Fix Pay	03/08/18	-
9.	Programme Assistant	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
10.	Computer Programmer	R. R. Sida	B.C.A.	Fix Pay	Fix Pay	01/04/19	-
11.	Farm Manager	Vinuji V. Thakor	B.Sc. Agri.	Fix Pay	Fix Pay	31/07/18	-

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12.	Accountant / Superintendent	Niraj P. Vaidya	B.Sc.	39900 - 126600	L - 7	01/03/20	-
13.	Stenographer	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
14.	Driver 1	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
15.	Driver 2	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-
16.	Supporting staff 1 & 2	Vacant	-	-	-	-	-

1.6 Total land with KVK (in ha): 26.2 ha. :

Sr. No.	Item	Area (ha)			
1	Under Buildings and Road	2.0 ha			
2.	Under Demonstration Units	1.8 ha			
3.	Under Crops	8.0 ha			
4.	Horticulture	Nil			
5.	Others (Barren submerged under Machchhu-3 dam , Bund and Water drain)	14.4 ha			
	Total 26.2 ha				

1.7 Infrastructural development:

A. Buildings:

					Stag	je			
		Source		Complete			Incomplete		
No.	Name of building	of funding	Completion Year	Plinth area (Sq.m)	Expenditure (Rs.)	Starting year	Plinth area (Sq.m)	Status of construction	
1.	Administrative Building	KVK	2019-20	575.32	143.00 Lacs	-	-	-	
2.	Farmers Hostel	KVK	2019-20	443.96	61.00 Lacs	-	-	-	
3.	Staff Quarters (6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.	Demonstration Units (1) Azola Unit	SAU	2019-20	18.0	10000/-	-	-	-	
5	Fencing	JAU	2017-18	4535	7,95,480/-	-	-	-	
6	Rain Water harvesting system	-	2018-19	-	2,00,000/-	-	-	-	
7	Threshing yard	JAU	2020-21	400	3,15,838/-	-	-	-	
8	Farm godown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	ICT lab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10	Roof Rain Water harvesting structure	SAU	2019-20	1.40 lac ltr.	4.6 Lacs	-	-	-	

B. Vehicles:

Type of vehicle	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Present status
Tractor Massey DI-241	2017	607137/-	Working
Tractor Mini Trishul 10 H.P.	2007	183000/-	Working
Tractor Trailer Mini Trishul	2007	47000/-	Working
Mahindra Bolero	2019	800000/-	Working

C. Equipments & AV aids:

Name of the equipment / Implements	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Present status
Computer System Acer 18.5	2017	34115/-	Working
Computer System Acer 18.5	2017	34115/-	Working
Printer MF 3010 canon	2017	10266/-	Working

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Printer LBP 6230 canon	2017	8761/-	Working
Computer System SIS Agiledag-2277 LG	2010	24210/-	Working
Computer System Intel core i3 processor HCL		34569/-	Working
Printer MF 4350d canon		14327/-	Working
Xerox Machine RICHO Digital	2013	113755/-	

2. DETAILS OF MORBI DISTRICT:

2.1 Major farming systems/enterprises (Based on the analysis made by the KVK)

S. No	Farming System/Enterprise			
1 Cotton-Wheat/Cotton-Cumin/Groundnut-Wheat/Groundnut-Cumin/Cotton-Summer				
1	Sesame			
2	Animal husbandry – crop based enterprise /Dairy product			
3	Farm Waste Management/ Crop residue management			
4	Value addition in Groundnut/ Sesame			

2.2 Description of Agro-climatic Zone & major agro ecological situations: A. Soil Type:

No.	Agro-climatic Zone	Characteristics
	North Saurashtra Agro Climatic Zone	Semi arid – region with annual rainfall 550 - 600 mm.
1	Morbi, Wankaner and Tankara (Agro	Maximum temp -44° C, Minimum range -5 to 12° C &
	– eco-situation –No.7)	high evaporation
	North west agro climatic Zone- 5	Arid to semi arid region with annual rain fall – 500 to
2		550 mm maximum temp - 45° C, Minimum range – 3 to
	Manya (IIII) and Harvad block	12°C & high evaporation

B. Topography:

No.	Agro ecological situation	Characteristics
1	Situation No. 7	Plain & hilly areas in Wankaner Tehsil.
2	Situation No. 5	Plain costal region (saline) affected with desertification

2.3 Basic information of Morbi District:

Sr. No.	Details	Morbi
	Nickname(s):	Paris of Saurashtra
1	Total geographical area	481958 ha.
2	Forest land	26058 ha.
3	Net sown area	309369 ha
4	Gross cropped area	329654 ha
5	Net irrigated area	111661 ha
6	Average annual rainfall	608 mm.

7	Soil type	Black & Loamy, Salty, Rocky, Shallow Sandy loam
		Groundnut
		Cotton
8	Major Cron	Wheat
0	Major Crop	Cumin
		Sesame
		Vegetables
		Chick pea
9	Other Crop	Garlic
9	Other Crop	Onion
		Chilly
		Morbi
		Maliya
10	Number of Taluka(Five),	Tankara
		Halvad
		Wankaner
	Total number of villages	407
	Total population	10.08 lakh

2.4 Priority thrust areas:

Crop/Enterprise	Thrust area						
Groundnut,	Increasing the productivity of the major crops by adopting recommendation						
Sesame etc	of dry farming technologies and to create awareness for value addition.						
Water conservation	In situ soil moisture conservation and rainwater harvesting. Use of cotton						
water conservation	stalk for organic manure.						
Cotton	Motivating cotton growers to adopt IPM and INM practices for reducing						
Cotton	the cost of production.						
Women	Providing self employment through skill oriented income generating						
empowerment	activities						
Agriculture	Developing interest among youth for agriculture as a profession.						
Horticulture	Value addition in agriculture produces through proper grading, processing,						
Tiorticulture	marketing and information technology.						
Income generating	Self employment among rural youth and skill oriented income generating						
activities	activities.						
Nutrition	Care and importance of nutrition in children & prognant women						
management	Care and importance of nutrition in children & pregnant women.						
Spices crop	Adopt recommended practice of IDM in spices crop i.e. cumin & ajwain.						

2.5 Details of operational area / villages:

Villaga	L	and(ha)		Рор	ulation		Anin	nal		I	Major Crop		Majar Drahlama
Village	Unirrigate	Irrigated	Total	Male	Female	Cow	Buffalo	Ship	Goat	Name	Area(ha)	Productivity	Major Problems
										Groundnut	125	1300-1500	- Low productivity
										Cotton	125	1400-1600	of almost all crop
Palas (Wankaner)	228	75	347	413	315	700	750	180	280	Sesame	20	600-700	than dist. aveg. -Stem root & white
(wankaner)										Wheat	30	3300-3500	grub in groundnut.
										Cumin	20	600-700	-Pink ball in cotton.
										Groundnut	625	1800-2000	
) 1700			Cotton	600	1500-1700	
					680			600	0 190	Sesame	175	800-900	-Low productivity
Panchasia	426	1000	1426	720		300				Wheat	400	3800-4000	of almost all crop than dist. aveg.
(Wankaner)			1426			300				Cumin	150	800-900	-Stem root & white
										Chickpea	300	2000-2200	grub in groundnut. -Pink ball in cotton.
										Garlic+Onion	150	7000-7500	
										Othesr	25	3500-4000	
										Groundnut	50	1800-2000	-Low productivity of all crop due light
Shekhradi										Cotton	200	1700-1900	soil. -Stem root in
(Wankaner)	237	152	389	504	482	259	483	-	10	Sesame	50	600-700	groundnut. -Pink ball warm in cotton.
										Fodder	89	700-800	-Phytopthora blight in cumin

										Groundnut	200	1900-2200	-Stem root in groundnut.
										Cotton	300	1500-1700	-Pink ball warm in cotton.
Amarsar										Cumin	100	900-1000	-Blight and wilt in cumin.
(Wankaner)	314	258	576	891	870	120	490	300	200	Onion	100	3000-3300	-Soft root in onion. -Tip burning in
										Wheat	50	3600-3800	garlic. -Phytopthora blight
										Others	76	-	in sesame. -Para wilt in cotton.
										Groundnut	600	1900-2200	-Stem root in
										Cotton	1200	2000-2200	groundnut. -Pink ball warm in
										Sesame	50	800-900	cotton.
Pipaliyaraj	1200	681	1001	2075	20.42	200	2250	250	150	Wheat	100	3200-3300	-Blight and wilt in cumin.
Pipaliyaraj (Wankaner)	1300	081	1981	2073	2043	200	2250	250	150	Cumin	100	800-900	-Soft root in onion. -Tip burning in
										Chickpea	250	1800-2200	garlic.
										Garlic+Onion	50	3800-4000	-Phytopthora blight in sesame.
										Castor	50	2500-3000	-Para wilt in cotton.

Otala (Tankara)	560	720	1280	1663	1587	35	70	550	271	Groundnut Cotton Sesame Wheat Cumin Chickpea Garlic	600 580 80 150 250 150 50	2400-2500 2200-2500 800-1000 4500-5000 800-1000 2800-3000 7000-7200	 Stem root in groundnut. Pink ball warm in cotton. Blight and wilt in cumin. Tip burning in garlic. Phytopthora blight in sesame. Para wilt in cotton.
Saraya (Tankara)	350	416	766	728	725	290	117	1200	230	Groundnut Cotton Sesame Wheat Cumin Chickpea Others	440 300 10 100 100 200 15	2300-2500 2400-2600 800-1000 4800-5000 700-800 2400-2500 -	 Stem root in groundnut. Pink ball warm in cotton. Blight and wilt in cumin. Phytopthora blight in sesame. Para wilt in cotton.
Neknam (Tankara)	700	176	2461	1801	1735	337	620	670	160	Groundnut Cotton Wheat Chickpea Cumin Sesame Garlic-Onion	1300 1110 100 200 75 50 75	1800-2200 2000-2200 4000-4200 2800-3000 700-800 800-900 -	 Stem root in groundnut. Pink ball warm in cotton. Blight and wilt in cumin. Soft root in onion. Tip burning in garlic. Phytopthora blight in sesame. Para wilt in cotton.

										Groundnut	180	2400-2500	-Stem root & white
										Cotton	180	2100-2200	grub problem in
										Sesame	150	900-1000	groundnut.
T alsh dhinaa dh										Pulses	90	800-900	-Pink ball worm problem in cotton.
Lakhdhirgadh (Tankara)	576	20	596	536	518	188	243	-	-	Wheat	160	4000-4200	-Phytopthora blight
(Talikara)										Chickpea	150	3000-3200	in sesame.
										Cumin	60	700-900	-Wilt & blight in cumin.
										Others	20	-	-Soft root in onion.
										Groundnut	450	2500-2700	-Wilt and stunt
										Cotton	350	2000-2200	disease in chickpea.
										Sesame	50	800-1000	
Bhutkotda	533	350	883	882	823	200	100	700	300	Garlic+Onion	25	3500	
(Tankara)	555	550	005	002	025	200	100	/00	500	Wheat	100	6000-7000	
										Chickpea	150	800-900	
										Cumin	50	3800-4200	
										Others	30	2500-2800	

									Groundnut	502	1800-2000	-Pink ball warm in
Chalanaan									Cotton	270	1700-2000	cotton. -White grub in
Chakamapar (Maliya)	425	1207	1001	1207	233	346	720	207	Cumin	200	750	groundnut.
(manya)									Chickpea	100	2250	-Wilt & blight in cumin.
									Wheat	225	4100	-FMP
									Groundnut	780	1800-2000	-Pink ball warm in
									Cotton	350	1800-2000	cotton.
Jivapar									Cumin	75	850	-White grub in
	310	1040	1021	956	109	256	196	55	Chickpea	100	2200-2400	groundnut.
(Maliya)									Wheat	200	3800-4200	-Wilt & blight in cumin.
									Sesame	60	1200	-FMP
									Garlic	50	-	-1 1 1 1 1
									Cotton	500	1000-1050 (R.F.)	-Pink ball warm in cotton.
									Ajwain	150	750 (R.F.)	-White grub in groundnut.
Kharachia (Maliya)	12	870	797	779	200	365	371	112	Pigeonpea	50	1200 (R.F.)	-Wilt & blight in cumin.
									Caoperature	60	1000-1100	-FMP
									Groundnut	60	(R.F.)	
									Sesame	60	600-750	
									Sesame	00	(R.F.)	

									Groundnut	260	1250	-Low yield of groundnut due to
									Cotton	245	1670	salinity problem.
Thorala (Maliya)	388	434	852	785	110	398	150	35	Cumin	60	780	-Pink ball warm in cotton.
									Chickpea	70	2200	-Phytophora blight in sesame.
									Sesame	50	700	-FMP in
									Groundnut	500	1500-1600	-Pink ball warm in
									Cotton	450	1700-2000	cotton.
Andarana									Sesame	250	700-800	-White grub in
(Maliya)	1322	1780	1220	1180	100	300	200	400	Wheat	200	4000-4200	groundnut.
(Waliya)									Chickpea	200	1800-2000	-Wilt & blight in
									Garlic	60	7000-7200	cumin.
									Onion		35000-40000	-FMP

3. Achievements

A. Details of target & achievements of mandatory activities by KVK during 2020

	0	FT			FI	D		
Numb	er of OFTs	Numbe	er of farmers	Numb	er of FLDs	Number of farmers		
Targets	Achievement	Targets Achievement		Targets	Achievement	Targets	Achievement	
3	3	20	20	6	6	55	55	

Training (includin carried ou	g sponsore it under rai	Extension Activities							
				4					
Numb	er of cours	es	Numl partic			ber of vities	Number of participants		
	Targets	Achievement	Т	Α	Т	Α	Т	Α	
Farmers	46	46	1150	1690	-	244	-	11386	
Rural youth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Extension									
Functionaries /	01	02	40	74	-	-	-	-	
Input Dealer									
Total	47	48	1190	1764	-	244	-	11386	

B. Abstract of interventions undertaken

No.	Thrust Area	Crop / Enterprise	Identified Problem	Interventions
1	Integrated Pest Management	Groundnut	White Grub	OFT Conducted-1, Training, Campaign Diagnostic visit
2	Integrated Disease Management	Cumin	Wilt Problem	OFT Conducted – 1 , FLDs-10 , Training , Campaign Diagnostic visit
3	Improved variety of Groundnut	Groundnut	Low yield	FLDs-10, Training, Campaign Diagnostic visit
4	Improved variety of Chickpea	Chickpea	Low yield	FLDs-10, Training, Campaign Diagnostic visit
5	Improved variety of Sesame	Sesame	Low yield	FLDs-10, Training, Campaign Diagnostic visit
6	Integrated Pest Management	Cotton	Pink ball warm problem	FLDs-10, Training, Campaign Diagnostic visit

4. On Farm Trials (OFT)

A. Technology assessment and refinement in details of pest and disease management

Problem definition: Heavy infestation of white grub in groundnut affecting yield loss up to 12 to 20 percent according to area specific.

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be):

Management of white grub in groundnut crop.

Very low white grub infestation in groundnut was observed during *kharif*-2020 and 2.9% plant infested in farmer practice without seed treatment of chlorphyriphos where as 1.5% and 1.38% plant infestation observed in seed treatment with chlorphyriphos and soil application of metarhizium respectively. 5.3% yield loss was recovered due to white drub infestation in the treatments T1, T2 & T3.

I	No.	Technology Option	No. of Trials	Incidence of infested plant(%)	Yield (kg/ha)	B:C
,	Г1	Sowing of groundnut without seed treatment. Farmers adopt drenching of chlorphyriphos or quinalphos @ 6 lit/ha with irrigation at initiation of pest incidence. (farmers practice)		2.9%	2493	2.20
,	Г2	Seed treatment with chlorpyriphos 20ec @ 25 ml/kg seed.(gau reco.)	5	1.5%	2627	2.33
,	ГЗ	Soil application of <i>metarhizium anisoplii</i> @ 5 kg/ha with 300 kg/ha castor cake at the time of sowing.(jau reco.)		1.38%	2633	2.34

Table : Effect of chlorphyriphos in control of white grub in groundnut

B. Technology assessment and refinement in details of pest and disease management

Problem definition: Heavy incidence of wilt disease in cumin effecting yield loss up to 5 to 25% and monetary loss of Rs.15000/- to 20000/- per ha.

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be):

Use of Trichoderma for wilt disease management in cumin

Cumin is an important commercial spice crop of Northern Saurashtra. There is high incidence of wilt disease resulting in yield loss. KVKs Morbi conducted on farm trial to assessed technology of application of Trichoderma as per treatment, Disease intensity at 75 DAS reduced from 8.6%, 2.79% and 2.05% in treatment T_1 , T_2 and T_3 respectively. Yield increased 11.3% and 14.4% in T_2 and T_3 than T_1 respectively.

		N C	Wilt	: (%)	X7. 11	
No.	Technology Option	No. of Trials	60 Day	75 Days	Yield (kg/ha)	B:C
T1	Sowing without use of Trichodarma. but they use fungicides viz., Carbendazim, Hexaconazole, Difenconazole, Tebuconazole, Propiiconazole, , etc after initiation of diseases. (Farmers practices.)		6.7%	8.6%	976	2.4
T2	Application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha with organic manure @1000 kg / ha at the time of sowing (Recommended practices.)	5	10%	2.79%	1087	2.65
Т3	Application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha along with organic manure @1000 kg / ha at the time of sowing and second application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha along with organic manure by broadcasting method at 15 days after germination. (Intervention).		1.7%	2.05%	1117	2.65

Table : Effect of trichoderma for management of wilt in cumin

No.	Technology Option	No. of Trials	Wilt (%)	Yield (kg/ha)	B:C
	Sowing without use of Trichodarma. but they use fungicides viz., Carbendazim,	2017	11.2%	930	3.18
T1	Hexaconazole, Difenconazole, Tebuconazole, Propiiconazole, , etc after initiation of diseases.	2018	14.3%	1113	3.50
	(Farmers practices.)	2019	8.6%	976	2.4
	Application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha with	2017	5.20%	1040	3.39
T2	organic manure @1000 kg / ha at the time of	2018	5.60%	1247	3.80
	sowing (Recommended practices.)	2019	2.79%	1087	2.65
	Application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha along with organic manure @1000 kg / ha at the time	2017	3.40%	1100	3.42
Т3	of sowing and second application of Trichoderma @ 5 kg /ha along with organic	2018	3.70%	1300	3.87
	manure by broadcasting method at 15 days after germination. (Intervention).	2019	2.05%	1117	2.65

Effect of trichoderma for management of wilt in cumin (Last three years average)

The OFT trail was conducted for three years on cumin for management of wilt. The pooled results of three years revealed that, treatment T3 recovered 1172 kg/ha which was 16.5 and 4.1% higher seed yield than the treatments T1 and T2, respectively. The highest wilt disease infestation of 11.36% was observed in treatment T1 as compared to 4.53 and 3.05% in T2 and T3 respectively.

C. Preservation techniques of different pulses with organic method:

						Trea	tments				
No. of Trial	Name of crop	Days (Period of preservation)	T1 Use Of Dray Neem leaves		T2 Use Castor	Of		T3 ight c bag	Witho	Γ4 out any tment	
			S	D	S	D	S	D	S	D	
	0	60 days	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	
	Green gram	90 days	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	90%	10%	
10	Brann	180 days	100%	-	100%	-	100%	5%	80%	20%	
10		60 days	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	
	Chickpea	90 days	100%	-	100%	-	100%	-	90%	10%	
	180 days		100%	-	100%	-	100%	5%	80%	20%	
*S=Se	*S=Secure, D = Demage										

Results:

- 1) T1 & T2 No damage in pulses during entire test period of 60, 90 and 180 days.
- 2) T3 Approx 5 % of damage in pulses at 180 days. The result causes by frequent opening of air tight plastic bag.
- T4 Approx 10% of damage in selected pulses at 90 days. However, approx 20% of damage at 180 days.





5. Frontline Demonstrations:

A. Follow-up for results of FLDs implemented during previous years:

List of technologies demonstrated during previous year and popularized during *Kharif* 2020 & *Rabi* 2020-21 and recommended for large scale adoption in the district.

Sr.	Crop/	Variety	Thematic	Technology	Horizontal spread of technology				
No	Enterprise	v al lety	Area*	Demonstration		No. of farmer			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
1	Groundnut	GJG – 32	New Variety	New variety of Groundnut GJG22/GJG-32	3	10	4.0		
2	Cotton	Bt. Cotton	IPM	Pink ball worm management through MDP	4	10	4.0		
3	Sesame	GT - 5	New Variety	New variety of GT-5 Summer	3	10	4.0		
4	Cumin	GC - 4	IDM	Management of wilt through trichoderma	6	10	4.0		
5	Chickpea	GG - 5	New Variety	Popularized new variety GG-5	4	10	4.0		
6	Pearl millet	GHB-538	New Variety	Popularization of new variety GHB-538	2	05	2.0		

B. Details of FLDs implemented:

• Oilseeds

Sr. No.	Crop	Thematic	Variety	Season and	Area (ha)	No. Dem	Reasons for short-		
190.		area		year		SC/ST	Others	Total	fall
1	Groundnut	New Variety	GJG - 32	<i>Kharif</i> - 2020	4.0	-	05	05	-
2	Sesame	New Variety	GT - 5	<i>Summer</i> - 2020	4.0	-	10	10	-

• Cereals / Others

Sr.	Crop	Thematic	Variety	Season and	Area (ha)		of farme nonstrat		Reasons for short-	
No.		area		year		SC/ST	Others	Total	fall	
1	Cotton	IPM	Bt. Cotton	<i>Kharif</i> – 2020	4.0	01	09	10	-	
2	Chickpea	New Variety	GG-5	Rabi-2019	4.0	02	08	10	-	
3	Pearl millet	New Variety	GHB-538	<i>Summer -</i> 2020	2.0	-	05	05	-	

• Commercial crops (Cumin & Wheat)

Sr. No.	ron	Thematic area	Variety	Season and	Area (ha)		of farm nonstrat	Reasons for short-	
190.				year		SC/ST	Others	Total	fall
1	Cumin	IDM	GC - 4	Rabi - 2020	4.0	01	09	10	-

Performance of Frontline Demonstrations

(I) FLD on Oilseed Crops:

	Thomatia	Technology		No. of	A 100		Yield	l (q/ha)		%	Ecor		f demonstration s./ha)		Economics of check (Rs./ha)			k
Crop	Thematic Area	Technology Demonstrated	Variety	No. of Farmer	Area (ha)		Demo	-	Check	Increased in yield	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
						High	Low	age	CHECK	in yielu	Cost	Return	Return	(R/C)	Cost	Return	Return	(R/C)
Groundnut	New Variety	Popularization of new variety GJG-32		10	4.0	37.77	28.51	33.45	26.46	26.95%	55400	172704	117304	3.11	53800	130362	76562	2.42
Sesame	New Variety	Popularization of new variety GT-5	GT - 5	10	4.0	13.40	11.30	11.09	9.75	13.7%	38600	81360	42760	2.10	38600	68250	29650	1.76

(II) FLD on other Crops

Cuon	Thematic	Technology	No. of	Area	Yield (q/ha)		% Increased	Econ	omics of d (Rs./		tion	Economics of check (Rs./ha)					
Сгор	Area	Demonstrated	Farmer	(ha)	TT	Demo		Check	ck in vield (Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
Cotton	IPM	Management of pink ball warm through MDP		4.0	н 15.80	L 14.35	A 15.05	14.14	6.43%	Cost 47500	Return 82775	Return 35275	1.73	Cost 44600	Return 77055	Return 33170	1.72
Cumin	IDM	Management of wilt through trichoderma	10	4.0	12.80	10.70	11.49	10.25	10.79%	46150	132135	85985	2.86	44800	112750	67950	2.50
Chick- pea	New Variety	Popularization of new variety GJG-5		4.0	32.75	26.75	28.99	25.60	13.2%	37400	139152	101752	3.7	35800	122880	87080	2.4
Pearl millet	New Variety	Popularization of new variety GHB-538		2.0	36.30	31.20	33.86	34.62	-2.1%	35200	80492	45292	2.28	35400	75240	39840	2.12

C. Technical Feedbacks:

No.	Crop	Variety / Technology	Feed Back
1.	Groundnut	IPM	Application of chlorphyriphos 25ml/kg as a seed treatment of groundnut seed reduce infestation of white grub(Very less white grub infestation).
2.	Groundnut	Varietal	GJG – 32 variety gives higher yield as compared to other bunch varieties during <i>kharif</i> season.
3.	Cotton	IPM	Integrated approach for management of pink boll worm i.e. MDP tube and two or three spray of Beauveria reduce incidence of pink boll worm.
4.	Cumin	IDM	Application of Trichoderma with castor cake reduce wilt in cumin and increase yield.
5.	Chickpea	Varietal	Less incidence of wilt in GG-5 variety of chickpea and higher yield as compared to other varieties.
6.	Sesame	Varietal	GT - 5 is bold and white seeded and higher yielder (<i>summer</i>).

(I)Technical feedbacks on demonstrated technologies

(II) Farmer's Feedback:

No.	Feed Back
1.	Sucking pest particularly thrips problem in cotton, onion , chilly , garlic and cumin crops.
2.	Salinity problem in coastal area of Malia, Morbi and Halvad Taluka.
3.	Wilt problem in chickpea
4.	Research needs for control of Insect-Pest and disease in organic farming
5.	Value addition in pomegranate
6.	Pink ball warm problem in Bt. cotton
7.	Nematode problem in pomegranate.
8	Cracking of pomegranate fruit.
9	Soft root in onion (Seed production).

6. Farmers training programmes:

(I)Farmer's trainings including sponsored training programmes (on + off campus)

(I)Farmer's trainings includ				81	0	rticip				,
Thematic area	No. of		Others	5		SC/S	Т	Gr	and To	otal
	courses	М	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т
1) Crop Production										
Integrated farming	01	30	00	30	01	00	01	31	00	31
Integrated crop management	01	51	00	51	01	00	01	52	00	52
2) Horticulture										
a) Vegetable Crops										
Grading and standardization	03	32	66	98	01	02	03	33	68	101
B) Fruits	Nil									
C) Ornamental plants	Nil									
D) Plantation crops	Nil									
E) Tuber crops	Nil									
F) Spices	Nil									
G) Medicinal & aromatic plants	Nil									
3) Soil Health and Fertility Manag	gement									
Soil fertility management	01	78	00	78	02	00	02	80	00	80
Integrated nutrient management	01	19	00	19	00	00	00	19	00	19
Production and use of organic	01	11	00	11	00	00	00	11	00	11
inputs		11	00	11	00	00	00	**	00	**
Soil and water testing	03	131	07	138	04	00	04	135	07	142
4)Livestock Production and	Nil									
Management										
5) Home Science/Women Empowe	erment		1	I	1			I	1	1
Designing and development for	03	00	68	68	00	12	12	00	80	80
high nutrient efficiency diet										
Storage loss minimization	01	00	00	00	00	10	10	00	10	10
techniques										
Value addition	03	00	72	72	00	07	07	10	79	79
Women empowerment	05	05	67	72	27	26	53	32	93	125
Rural crafts	02	15	53	68	00	02	02	15	55	70
Women and child care	03	24	58	82	08	31	39	32	89	121
6) Agril. Engineering	Nil									
7) Plant Protection	0.0	2.10	0.1	0.50	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5-5	<u> </u>	0.50
Integrated pest management	08	349	04	353	06	00	06	355	04	359
Integrated disease management	06	253	04	257	04	00	04	257	04	261
Bio-control of pests and diseases	02	104	00	104	02	00	02	106	00	106
8) Fisheries	Nil									

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9) Production of Inputs at site	Nil									
10)Capacity Building and	Nil									
Group Dynamics										
11) Agro-forestry	Nil									
12) Any Other										
Irrigation management in rabi	01	26	00	26	01	00	01	27	00	27
crop	01		00	-		0			00	
Others (pl specify)	01	16	00	16	00	00	00	16	00	16
Grand Total	46	1144	399	1543	57	90	147	1211	489	1690

(II)Training programmes for extension personnel including sponsored training – consolidated (On + Off campus)

	No. of			Ν	lo. of	Partic	cipant	S		
Area of training	Courses General			SC/ST			Grand Total			
	Courses	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т
Integrated pest management	01	42	00	42	03	00	03	45	00	45
Integrated nutrient management	01	25	02	27	02	00	02	27	02	29
TOTAL	02	67	02	69	05	00	05	72	02	74

7. Extension Activities:

Activities	No. of Programmes	No. of Farmers	No. of Extension Personnel	TOTAL
Advisory services	1	5	1	6
Diagnostic visits	3	12	4	16
Field day	2	33	4	37
Farmer shibir/group discussion	2	551	13	564
Kisan ghosthi	20	207	26	233
Film show	3	99	9	108
Self –help groups	0	0	0	0
Kisan mela	0	0	0	0
Exhibition	0	0	0	0
Scientists' visit to farmers field	5	28	12	40
Plant/animal health camps	0	0	0	0
Farm science club	0	0	0	0
Ex-trainees sammelan	0	0	0	0
Farmers' seminar / workshop	4	318	29	347
Farmers visit to kvk	6	781	65	846
Phone advisory	10	2136	161	2297
Farmer's meeting	2	13	3	16

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Distribution of extension literature	5	568	54	622
Lectures delivered	18	820	31	851
Field diagnosis	5	21	9	30
Celebration of technology week	0	0	0	0
No. of soil & water sample tested	8	8	0	8
Method demonstrations	0	0	0	0
International yoga day	1	4	1	5
World soil day	1	49	3	52
Kisan day	1	33	2	35
Mahila krishi day	1	17	2	19
Constitution day	1	7	1	8
National nutrition month	1	613	41	654
Swatchata pakhavadiyu	1	204	20	224
Parthenium day	1	4	1	5
Exposure visits	0	0	0	0
Others (pl. Specify)	44	4155	208	4363
Total	146	10686	700	11386

A. Details of other extension programmes:

Particulars	Number
Electronic media (CD/DVD)	-
Extension literature publish	-
News paper coverage	54
Popular articles	44
Radio talks	-
TV talks	-
Animal health camps (number of animals treated)	-
Others (pl. Specify)	-
Total	98

B. Message advisory service:

Name of	Magaaga		Type of Messages									
KVK	Message Type	Crop	Live- stock	Weather	Marketing	Awareness	Other enterprise	Total				
	Text only	5	-	-	-	-	-	5				
Morbi	Voice only	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
WIDIDI	Voice & Text both	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	Total Messages	5	-	-	-	-	-	5				
	Total Farmers Benefitted	44905	-	-	-	-	-	44905				

8. <u>Production of seed/planting materials, sales of bio-products and publications</u>

No.	Crop	Variety	Area(Ha.)		Quantity(kg)	Provided to No. of farmers	
1	Chickpea	GG - 5	1.15	A Grade	1469	30	
1	(Labeled)	00-5	1.15	B Grade	27	-	
2	Groundnut	GJG - 22		A Grade	376	-	
2	(Labeled)	030 - 22	-	B Grade	163	-	
3	Cumin	GC - 4	1.55	A Grade	702	22	
5	(Labeled)	00 - 4	1.55	B Grade	112	-	
4	Black gram	GU 2	GU - 2	1.40	A Grade	677	-
4	(Labeled)	00-2	1.40	B Grade	27	-	
5	Sesame	GT - 2	0.8	A Grade	102	-	
3	(Breeder)	01-2	0.8	B Grade	07	-	
6	Sesame	GT - 2	0.6	A Grade	38	-	
0	(Labeled)	01-2	0.0	B Grade	03	-	
				3164	52		

A. Seeds production:

B. Sale of bio-products by the KVKs:

Name of the Bio-product	Quantity	Value (Rs.)	No. of farmers	
Name of the Bio-product	Kg/Lit	value (IS.)	No. of farmers	
Trichoderma (Gir Savaj)	212 kg	14840/-	25	

C. Publications:

Category	Number
Research paper	4
Technical bulletins	-
Technical reports	6
Others (Book)	2

9. <u>Success Story:</u> (A) <u>New Crop : Dragon Fruit</u>

- Name :- Satishbhai Ranjibhai Ghodasara
- Village :- Sajjanpar
- Age :- 32 years
- Mobile No. :- 9979027790
- Education :- Graduate
- Total land :- 2 ha.
- Land under
 Dragon fruit :- 0.32 ha.
 cultivation



Satishbhai is a progressive young farmer of sajjanpar village. He is cultivating groundnut and cotton crops for long period. But he is interested to know innovatives from news papers, whats app, television, krishi darshan and krishi mahotsav and Satishbhai has decided to planting of dragon fruit in area of 0.32 hector out of his total 2 hector land. For plantation of dragon fruit, he has purchased cement polls from Kutch and planting materials of dragon fruit variety "Alish red" from Bangalore and planted during 2017-18. The harvesting of dragon fruit was started during the year 2019 but they received profitable fruit yield during 2020.

Satishbhai has harvested 1.5 kg fruits per poll in first year. Total 447 polls of dragon fruits in 0.32 hector planted and he has harvested total 670 kg fruits during first year of harvest and he got 200 Rs/kg price at on his farm and he has not necessity to go for marketing. From successively cultivation of dragon fruit, they have prepared seedling by self and planted in 0.32 ha. for area expansion during the year 2019-20. Thus, they succeed for cultivation of new crop as dragon fruit in this area. From successively dragon fruit cultivation by Satishbhai, two to three farmers of neighbouring villages have also planted dragon fruit as a new crop.

(B) Organic Farming of Turmeric

- Name :- Ami Ahmed Kadivar
- Village :- Pipaliyaraj
- Age :- 32 years
- Mobile No. :- 9725622575
- Education :- Draft man (Civil)
- Total land :- 3.5 ha.
- Area of Turmeric :- 0.32 ha.



Amibhai is a farmer of Pipaliyaraj village. He is cultivating cotton and groundnut, but due to continuous farming of these crops, he has not get profitable income. Therefore he has surveyed different region and decided to introduce new crop *i.e.* turmeric instead of cultivation of cotton and groundnut crops and he cultivate organic turmeric by drip irrigation for last three years in which he is not using chemical fertilizers and insecticides. In this crop, he using organic fertilizer and jivamrut and getting good production of turmeric power and selling all produced turmeric powder at his home instead of selling green or dry turmeric and thus he got higher remuneration and good profit per hector under low expenditure for turmeric sowing by value addition. He has prepared special seed drill for turmeric.

Looking to the successivity of profitable turmeric cultivation by Ami Ahmedbhai, other farmers of neighbouring 8 to 10 villages have started cultivation of turmeric. Thus Amibhai adopted three concepts *viz.*, new crop, organic farming and value addition. During the year 2020 he has sown 4.5 ha. of turmeric at three places *viz.*, his own farm, Kutch and Palitana in different regions of Gujarat state.

(C)<u>Income through tailoring work from home during COVID-19</u> pandemic

Name	(1) Kantaben Bhankhodiya (2) Gangaben Bhankhodiya
Date of Birth	(1) 10th January 1948(2) 24th January 1977
Village	Laxminagar
Yearly Income	Parul Chamunda Sakhi Mandal



Kantaben and Gangaben is running small scale business through Parul Chamunda Sakhi Mandal. In the context of this business, they used to produce different handicraft items like swings made from rope, variety of items made from wool, paper boxes, variety of items of embroidery, cushion covers, mobile covers, letter boxes, decorative items, napkin stands etc. The annual income of endeavor is approximately Rs. 80,000/-.

During this year due to the COVID-19 pandemic many businesses impacted due to broken chain of the customer and this endeavor also impacted accordingly. However, this Sakhi Mandal decided to do tailoring work through sewing machines as per the need of society rather than being hopeless in pandemic. With this approach, even during the pandemic, they managed to earn Rs.7500/- as monthly income by majorly sewing masks. This year also they have their yearly income around Rs.90,000/- which help them to support their family needs through this supplementary income.

10. Budget - Details of Budget Utilization

No.	Particulars	Sanctioned	Released	Expenditure
A. Recurring Contingencies				
1	Pay & Allowances	55,00,000/-	36,30,000/-	50,38,066/-
2	Traveling Allowances	1,00,000/-	-	10,242/-
3	Contingencies			
A	Stationery, telephone, postage and other expenditure on office running, publication of Newsletter and library maintenance (Purchase of News Paper & Magazines)	6,00,000/-	3,40,000/-	3,40,801/-
В	POL, repair of vehicles, tractor and equipments			
С	Meals/refreshment for trainees (ceiling upto Rs.40/day/trainee be maintained)	8,00,000/-	5,00,000/-	5,05,560/-
D	Training material (posters, charts, demonstration material including chemicals etc. required for conducting the training)			
Ε	Frontline demonstration except oilseeds and pulses (minimum of 30 demonstration in a year)			
F	On farm testing (on need based, location specific and			
	newly generated information in the major production systems of the area)			
G	Training of extension functionaries			
Н	Maintenance of buildings			
Ι	Establishment of Soil, Plant & Water Testing Laboratory			
J	Library			
A. TC	DTAL	70,00,000/-	44,70,000/-	58,94,669/-
B. No	n-Recurring Contingencies			
1	Works	-	-	-
2	Equipments Including SWTL & Furniture	-	-	-
3	Vehicle (Four wheeler / Two wheeler, please specify)		-	-
4	Library (Purchase of assets like books & journals)	-	-	-
B. TOTAL		-	-	-
C. REVOLVING FUND		7,35,036/-	2,20,000/-	3,20,546/-
GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C)		77,35,036/-	46,90,000/-	62,15,215/-